

EOS StainlessSteel 17-4PH for EOS M 300-4



## EOS StainlessSteel 17-4PH **EOS M 300-4 | 40 μm**

EOS StainlessSteel 17-4PH is an iron based metal alloy material widely used in engineering applications, which require corrosion resistance and strength. EOS StainlessSteel 17-4PH is a stainless steel powder intended for manufacturing parts on EOS metal systems with EOS DMLS processes.

#### Main Characteristics

- → Corrosion resistance and strength
- Parts can be machined, shot-peened and polished in asbuilt or heat treated states
- Solution annealing together with aging treatment are necessary in order to achieve proper hardness and mechanical properties (ASTM A564-13)
- Chemical composition and part properties corresponding to 1.4542, UNS 17400 and ASTM A564M



#### **Typical Applications**

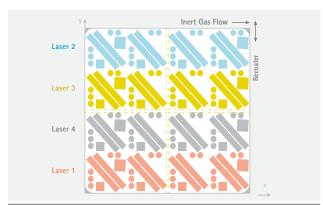
- → Acid and corrosion resistant engineering parts
- Medical instruments (surgical tools, orthopedic instrumentation)

#### **Product Information**

DMLS System	EOS M 300-4		
Material	EOS StainlessSteel 17-4PH		
Process	40 μm layer thickness		
Build platform temperature	9° 08		
Inert gas	Argon		
Recoater blade	Ceramic, two-sided recoating		
Volume rate	up to 4 x 3.32 mm³/s		

#### Layout of test job

Part properties based on two test jobs each for the as manufactured and heat treated data.



Typical part properties <sup>1</sup>	Yield strength R <sub>p0.2</sub> [MPa]	Tensile strength R_ [MPa]	Elongation at break A [%]	Number of samples
As manufactured vertical	947	1052	15.7	159
As manufactured horizontal	941	1 015	16.8	64
Heat treated vertical	1 240	1 371	10.5	160
Heat treated horizontal	1 207	1349	10.7	64
Max. pore size		< 110 μm		64
Porosity		0.014 %		64

Mechanical properties tested according to DIN EN ISO 6892-1 B10. The values in the table are average values and dependent on the build platform temperature, on the thermal load of the job layout as well as the position on the build plate and the resulting cycle time. In this case a minimum layer time of 40 seconds was used.

Heat treatment procedure in Argon atmosphere:

- 1. Solution annealing at 1040 °C (+/-15 °C) for 30 min, air cooling under 32 °C.
- 2. Aging: Hold 460 °C for 1 h, air cooling under 32 °C

<sup>1</sup> Part properties are provided for information purposes only and EOS makes no representation or warranty, and disclaims any liability, with respect to actual part properties achieved. Part properties are dependent on a variety of influencing factors and therefore, actual part properties achieved by the user may deviate from the information stated herein.

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Status 05/2022

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Cover: This image shows a possible application.

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# EOS StainlessSteel 17–4PH



## EOS StainlessSteel 17–4PH

EOS StainlessSteel 17–4PH is a stainless steel powder intended for manufacturing parts on EOS metal systems with EOS DMLS processes.

This document provides information and data for parts built using EOS StainlessSteel 17–4PH powder EOS art.-no. 9011-0041 on the following system specifications:

#### DMLS® System: EOS M 290

- → Ceramic blade (2200-3013)
- → Grid nozzle (2200-5501)
- → IPCM M extra Sieving Module with 75µm mesh size (200000315) recommended

Manual sieve with 75 $\mu$ m mesh size (200000321) recommended; standard manual sieve with 80 $\mu$ m mesh possible

→ Argon atmosphere

Software: EOSYSTEM 2.5 or newer / EOSPRINT 1.5 or newer EOS Parameter Set: 17–4PH 40µm Stainless

→ (Default Job: 17-4PH\_040\_StainlessM291\_100)

#### Description

Precipitation hardening steels are widely used in engineering applications, which require corrosion resistance and strength. Parts built from EOS StainlessSteel 17-4PH can be machined, shot-peened and polished in as-built or heat treated states. Solution annealing together with ageing treatment are necessary in order to achieve proper hardness and mechanical properties (ASTM A564 – 13). Due to the layerwise building method, the parts have a certain anisotropy which can be eased by solution annealing.

#### **Quality Assurance of EOS StainlessSteel 17–4PH powder material**

The quality of the delivered EOS StainlessSteel 17-4PH powder lots is ensured by the Quality Assurance procedures which are part of EOS Quality Management System. The procedures include quality assurance of both the powder and process.

#### Quality assurance of the powder product includes:

- → sampling (ASTM B215)
- → sieving (ASTM B214)
- → particle size analysis (ASTM B822)
- → chemistry analyses (ASTM E2823/E1479/E1019)
- → apparent density (ASTM B212/B329/B417)

#### **Heat treatment**

#### Vacuum H900 heat treatment procedure:

- → Solution annealing: Hold at 1040°C (1904°F) ±15°C (± 59°F) for 30 minutes, air cooling under 32°C (89°F).
- → Ageing: Hold at 480°C (896°F) for one hour, air cooling under 32°C (89°F).

### Atmospheric HT procedure (preferred atmosphere: Argon):

- → Solution annealing: Hold at 1040°C (1904°F) ±15°C (± 59°F) for 30 minutes, air cooling under 32°C (89°F).
- → Ageing: Hold at 460°C (860°F) for one hour, air cooling under 32°C (89°F).

The quality of the process is assured with each delivered powder lots by building a quality assurance job with a qualified EOS M 290 system.

#### Process quality is assured by:

- → tensile tests (ISO6892, ASTM E8M)
- → density measurement (ISO3369)
- → hardness measurement (ISO 6508)
- → chemistry analysis of the solid part (ASTM 2823/E1479/E1019).

The results of the quality assurance tests are given in the lot specific Mill Test Certificates (MTC) according to EN-10204 type 3.1.

#### **Technical Data**

#### Powder properties

The chemical composition of the powder is in compliance with standards "F899 – 12b Standard Specification for Wrought Stainless Steels for Surgical Instruments" and "A564M – 13 Standard Specification for Hot-Rolled and Cold-Finished Age-Hardening Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes".

aterial composition Acc. to standard		tandard
Element	Min.	Max.
Cr	15.00	17.50
Ni	3.00	5.00
Cu	3.00	5.00
Si	-	1.00
Mn	-	1.00
С	-	0.07
Р	-	0.040
S	-	0.030
Nb + Ta	0.15	0.45
Particle size		
36-44 μm approx. 1.4-1.7 · 10-3 in		
Particles >53µm [2]	Max 6.0 wt%	
Particles >63µm [2]	Max 1.0 w	/tº/o
Powder density		
Apparent density <sup>[3]</sup>	Mean 3.83 Mean 13.8	
Tap density <sup>[4]</sup>	p density [4] Mean 4.7 g/cm <sup>3</sup> Mean 1.7 lbs/in <sup>3</sup>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[1]</sup>According to ASTM B822 <sup>[2]</sup>According to ASTM B214.

#### General process data

Layer thickness	40 μm 1.6 · 10-3 inch
Volume rate [5]	3.32 mm³/s (11.95 cm³/h) 0.73 in³/h

[5] The volume rate is a measure of build speed during laser exposure of the skin area. The total build speed depends on this volume rate and many other factors such as exposure parameters of contours, supports, up and downskin, recoating time, Home-In or LPM settings.

<sup>[3]</sup> According to ASTM B212, ASTM B329 & ASTM B417. [4] According to ASTM B527.

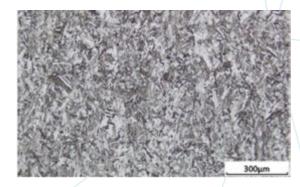
#### Physical and chemical properties of parts<sup>1</sup>

The chemical composition of parts is in compliance with standards "F899 – 12b Standard Specification for Wrought Stainless Steels for Surgical Instruments" and "A564M – 13 Standard Specification for Hot-Rolled and Cold-Finished Age-Hardening Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes". Composition complies the material composition in "powder properties" section. Part accuracy is adjustable by changing the "Beam Offset, X-, Y- and Z-Shrinkage"-parameters.

Part density [6]	Mean 7.79 g/cm³ Mean 28.14 lbs/in³
Part accuracy [7]	
Small parts	approx. $\pm$ 50 $\mu$ m approx. $\pm$ 1.1 · 10-3 inch
Min. wall thickness <sup>[8]</sup>	approx. 0.4 mm approx. 0.016 inch
Typical shrinkage after HT (for parts 50mm)	0.2%

Thermal expansion after atmospheric HT <sup>[9]</sup>		
25 – 100°C	10.4 10 <sup>-6</sup> /K	
25 – 200°C	11.0 10 <sup>-6</sup> /K	
25 – 300°C	11.4 10 <sup>-6</sup> /K	
25 – 400°C	11.8 10 <sup>-6</sup> /K	
25 - 500°C	12.0 10 <sup>-6</sup> /K	

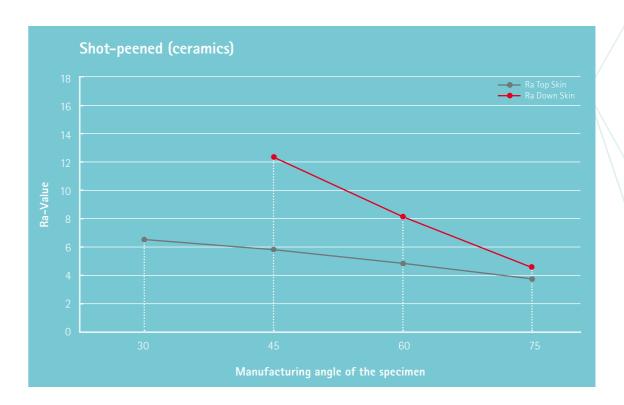
Microstructure of heat treated parts	
Average porosity [10]	0.030%
Average pore size [10]	7.2 µm
N (number of samples)	70



Atmospheric furnace (Atmospheric HT) was used to heat treat etched part. Etchant: Marble's reagent.

10 X magnification

Surface roughness a	after shot-peening (approx.) [11]
Horizontal	<b>Ra</b> 3.5 – 5.9 μm; <b>Rz</b> 17.3 – 27.7 μm <b>Ra</b> 0.12 – 0.20 · 10-3 inch; <b>Rz</b> 0.67 – 1.06 · 10-3 inch
Vertical	<b>Ra</b> 3.4 – 5.5 μm; <b>Rz</b> 15.9 – 28.5 μm <b>Ra</b> 0.12 – 0,20 · 10-3 inch; <b>Rz</b> 0.59 – 1.12 · 10-3 inch
Angled surfaces	Surface roughness measured in a function of manufacturing angle



<sup>[6]</sup> Weighing in air and water according to ISO 3369. [7] Based on users' experience of dimensional accuracy for typical geometries, e.g. ± 50 μm when parameters can be optimized for a certain class of parts or ± 70 μm when building a new kind of geometry for the first time. Part accuracy is subject to appropriate data preparation and postprocessing. [8] Mechanical stability is dependent on geometry (wall height etc.) and application. [9] According ASTM E228. [10] Porosities were measured from 15x15mm cross cuts using optical microscope according to internal procedure. Average porosity and pore size value depends on the job load. [11] Measurement according to ISO 4287. The numbers were measured at the horizontal (up-facing) and vertical surfaces of test cubes. Due to the layerwise building the roughness strongly depends on the orientation of the surface, for example sloping and curved surfaces exhibit a stair-step effect. Angles under 45° should be supported.

#### Statistical analysis of part properties<sup>1</sup>

Process and powder validation was performed using several powder lots and EOS M 290 systems. Number of samples used in process and powder validation are shown in tables below. All heat treated mechanical properties showed over 3 sigma performance against ASTM A564M H900 requirement. Vacuum H900 validation data includes two EOS M 290 systems and four powder lots. Atmospheric HT validation data includes one EOS M 290 system and two powder lots.

	As built	Vacuum H900	Atmospheric HT	ASTM A564 (H900)
Ultimate tensile strength, Rm		4 Sigma		
In horizontal direction (XY)	Mean 886.0 MPa	Mean 1335.8 MPa	Mean 1340.0 MPa	min. 1310 MPa
	StDev. 70.4 MPa	StDev. 5.2 MPa	StDev. 5.9 MPa	
N (number of samples)	72	144	36	
In vertical direction (Z)	Mean 924.2 MPa	Mean 1342.6 MPa	Mean 1345.5 MPa	min. 1310 MPa
in vertical uncetion (2)	StDev. 65.9 MPa	StDev. 7.7 MPa	StDev. 2.8 MPa	
N (number of samples)	84	168	42	
Yield strength, Rp 0.2		6 Sigma		
	Mean 860.6 MPa	Mean 1235.2 MPa	Mean 1235.5 MPa	'a
In horizontal direction (XY)	StDev. 75.7 MPa	StDev. 9.8 MPa	StDev. 8.7 MPa	
N (number of samples)	72	144	36	
	Mean 1242.6 MPa	min. 1170 MPa		
In vertical direction (Z)	StDev. 44.7 MPa	StDev. 13.5 MPa	StDev. 10.1 MPa	
N (number of samples)	84	168	41	
		$\wedge$		
Elongation at break A		Almost 4 Sigma		
In horizontal direction (XY)	Mean 19.9%	Mean 14.0%	Mean 13.5%	min. 10%
	StDev. 1.2%	StDev. 0.8%	StDev. 0.9%	
N (number of samples)	72	144	36	
In vertical direction (Z)	Mean 20.1%	Mean 13.5%	Mean 12.6%	min. 10%
	StDev. 1.5%	StDev. 0.7%	StDev. 0.9%	
N (number of samples)	84		42	
Hardness HRC		Almost 4 Sigma		
	Mean 23.9 HRC	Mean 42.1 HRC	Mean 42.1 HRC	min. 40 HRC
	StDev. 3.6 HRC	StDev. 0.5 HRC	StDev. 0.5 HRC	
N (number of samples)	20	40	10	
·				

<sup>[12]</sup> Tensile testing according to ISO 6892 & ASTM E8M. [13] Rockwell Hardness, HRC, according to ISO 6508.

#### Additional information<sup>1</sup>

#### **Modified Heat treatment**

Modified heat treatment may improve properties further. Lower aging temperature 460°C (860°F) has proven to be more suitable for DMLS® manufactured 17-4PH. Tensile data with vacuum furnace – Solution anneal as [14] following by ageing in 460°C.

	Vacuum 460°C [14]
Ultimate tensile strength, Rm	
Both directions	Mean 1358.1 MPa
	StDev. 6.7 MPa
N (number of samples)	39
Yield strength, Rp0.2	
Both directions	Mean 1262.4 MPa
	StDev. 12.9 MPa
N (number of samples)	39
Elongation at break, A	
In horizontal direction (XY)	Mean 13.8%
	StDev. 0.6%
N (number of samples)	39
Hardness, HRC	
Hardness	Mean 42.8 HRC
	StDev. 0.3 HRC
N (number of samples)	5

#### Cytotoxicity

Cytotoxicity tests were done according to ISO 10993-5. It included growth inhibition tests evaluated from two endpoints (XTT & BCA). Tests were done with as-manufactured cubes. EOS StainlessSteel 17-4PH cubes were extracted under agitation for 24±2h with DMEM 10% FBS. L929 cells were then incubated for 68–72h with the following concentrations of the test extract: 13.2%, 19.8%, 29.6%, 44.4%, 66.7% and 100%. Surface/volume ratio used was 3cm2/mL.

#### Cytotoxicity results

In this study under the given conditions no leachable substances were released in cytotoxic concentrations from the test item as confirmed by two different endpoints (XTT, BCA).

#### **EOS IndustryLine:**

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Our EOS IndustryLine features high quality materials for specific industrial requirements. These materials have been developed with a dedicated EOS ParameterSet and extensively tested like never before, with respect to physical and chemical properties of powder and built parts as well as process stability.

#### Your benefits:

- → Reliable data with high statistic confidence level
- → Save time and costs as qualification effort by the customer is less, easier and faster
- → More efficient development and manufacturing process
- → Shorter time-to-market

#### Abbreviations

Min. Minimum Max. Maximum StDev. Standard deviation Wt. Weiaht ΗТ Heat Treatment XTT Tetrazolium salt BCA Bicinchoninic acid DMFM Dulbecco's Modified Eagle Medium FRS Fetal Bovine Serum

The quoted values refer to the use of this material with above specified type of EOS DMLS® system, EOSYSTEM and EOSPRINT software version, parameter set and operation in compliance with parameter sheet and operating instructions. Part properties are measured with specified measurement methods using defined test geometries and procedures. Further details of the test procedures used by EOS are available on request. Any deviation from these standard settings may affect the measured properties.

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Cover: This image shows a possible application. It is not a device cleared by the FDA or any other local authority for distribution in the United States.

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